DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE

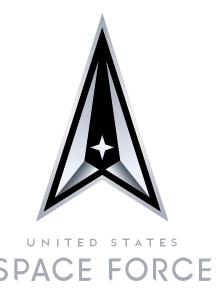
FY 2023 BUDGET OVERVIEW













DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE

FISCAL YEAR 2023 BUDGET OVERVIEW

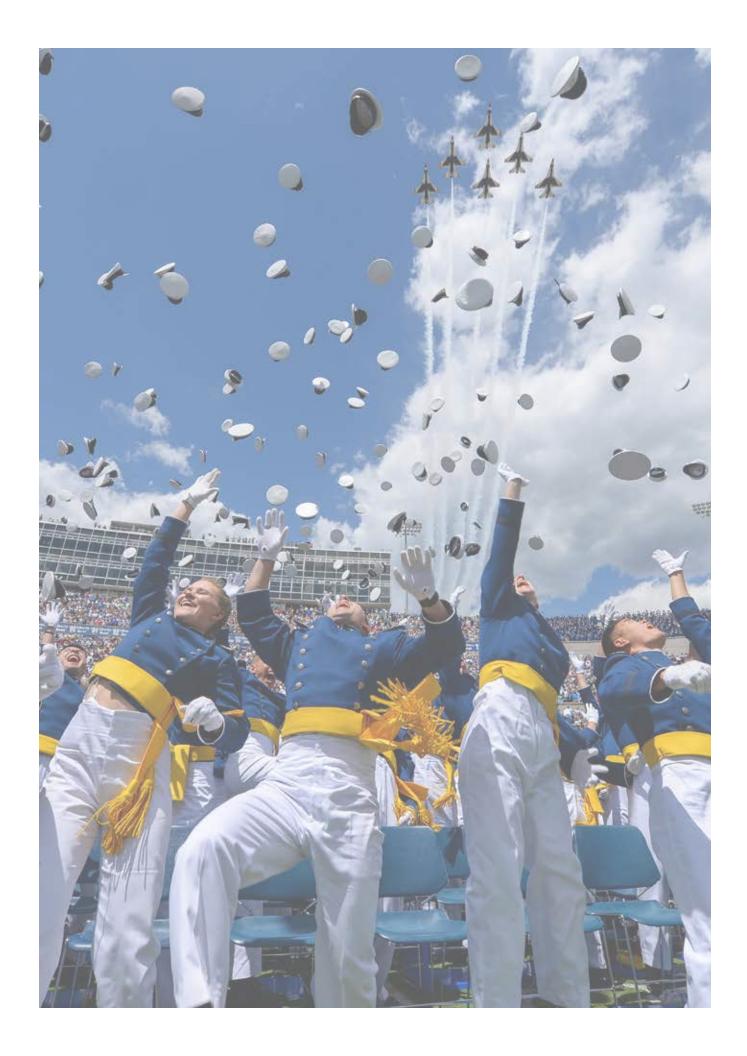


TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION 1 - DEPARTMENT COMPONENTS	1
SECTION 2 - BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS	3
U.S. AIR FORCE BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS	3
U.S. SPACE FORCE BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS	5
U.S. AIR FORCE OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (O&M)	7
Active U.S. Air Force	9
Air National Guard	10
Air Force Reserve	11
U.S. SPACE FORCE OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (O&M)	12
DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE MILITARY PERSONNEL (MILPERS)	13
Active U.S. Air Force	14
Air National Guard	15
Air Force Reserve	16
U.S. Space Force	17
U.S. AIR FORCE RESEARCH DEVELOPMENT TEST AND EVALUATION (RDT&E)	18
U.S. SPACE FORCE RESEARCH DEVELOPMENT TEST AND EVALUATION (RDT&E)	20
U.S. AIR FORCE PROCUREMENT	22
U.S. Air Force Aircraft	23
U.S. Air Force Missile	25
U.S. Air Force Ammunition	26
U.S. Air Force Other	27
U.S. SPACE FORCE PROCUREMENT	29
DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (MILCON)	30
Active U.S. Air Force	31
Air National Guard	32
Air Force Reserve	
DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING (MFH)	34
DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE MILITARY BASE REALIGNMENT	
AND CLOSURE (BRAC)	35
DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE OVERSEAS OPERATIONS COSTS	36
DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE MILITARY WORKING CAPITAL FUND	38
DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE MILITARY CASH MANAGEMENT	39
SECTION 3 - SUMMARY	41
SECTION 4 - APPENDIX	42
SECTION 5 - ACRONYMS	

TABLE OF FIGURES

FIGURE 1. O&M - U.S. Air Force Total Force FY 2023 Baseline Budget Request7
FIGURE 2. O&M - Active U.S. Air Force FY 2023 Baseline Budget Request9
FIGURE 3. O&M - Air National Guard FY 2023 Baseline Budget Request
FIGURE 4. O&M - Air Force Reserve FY 2023 Baseline Budget Request
FIGURE 5. O&M - U.S. Space Force FY 2023 Baseline Budget Request
FIGURE 6. MILPERS - Department of the Air Force Total Force FY 2023
FIGURE 7. MILPERS - Department of the Air Force Active FY 2023 Baseline Budget Request
FIGURE 8. MILPERS - Air National Guard FY 2023 Baseline Budget Request
FIGURE 9. MILPERS - Air Force Reserve FY 2023 Baseline Budget Request
FIGURE 10. U.S. Air Force RDT&E FY 2023 Baseline Budget Request
FIGURE 11. U.S. Space Force RDT&E FY 2023 Baseline Budget Request
FIGURE 12. U.S. Air Force Procurement FY 2023 Baseline Budget Request
FIGURE 13. U.S. Air Force Procurement, Aircraft FY 2023 Baseline Budget Request
FIGURE 14. U.S. Air Force Procurement, Missile FY 2023 Baseline Budget Request 23
FIGURE 15. U.S. Air Force Procurement, Ammunition FY 2023 baseline budget request. 25
FIGURE 16. U.S. Air Force Procurement, Missile FY 2023 Baseline Budget Request 26
FIGURE 17. U.S. Air Force Procurement, Other FY 2023 Baseline Budget Request 27
FIGURE 18. U.S. Space Force Procurement
FIGURE 19. MILCON FY 2023 Baseline Budget Request
FIGURE 20. The FY23 Department Air Force Overseas Operations Costs

TABLE OF TABLES

TABLE 1	Department of the Air Force Budget Summary
TABLE 2	U.S. Air Force Budget Summary
TABLE 3	U.S. Space Force Budget Summary6
TABLE 4	O&M U.S. Air Force Total Force by Component
TABLE 5	O&M - Active U.S. Air Force by Program
TABLE 6	O&M - Air National Guard by Program10
TABLE 7	O&M - Air Force Reserve by Program11
TABLE 8	O&M - U.S. Space Force by Program
TABLE 9	MILPERS - Department of the Air Force Total Force
TABLE 1	O. MILPERS - by Major Activity14
	1. MILPERS - Air National Guard15
TABLE 1	2. MILPERS - Air Force Reserve
TABLE 1	3. MILPERS - Air Force Reserve17
TABLE 1	4. RDT&E - U.S. Air Force
	5. RDT&E - U.S. Air Force Significant Programs
TABLE 1	6. RDT&E - U.S. Space Force
TABLE 1	7. RDT&E - U.S. Space Force Significant Programs
	8. U.S. Air Force Procurement22
	9. U.S. Air Force Procurement, Aircraft
	O. U.S. Air Force Procurement, Missile
	1. U.S. Air Force Procurement, Ammunition
TABLE 2	2. U.S. Air Force Procurement, Other28
	3. U.S. Space Force Procurement
TABLE 2	4. Department of the Air Force MILCON
TABLE 2	25. MILCON, Active U.S. Air Force
TABLE 2	6. MILCON, Air National Guard
TABLE 2	7. MILCON, Air Force Reserve
TABLE 2	28. Department of the Air Force Military Family Housing
TABLE 2	9. Department of the Air Force BRAC
TABLE 3	Overseas Operations Costs - U.S. Air Force
TABLE 3	1. Overseas Operations Costs - U.S. Space Force
TABLE 3	2. Overseas Operations Worldwide MILCON Project List
TABLE 3	33. Air Force Working Capital Fund Financial and Personnel Summary
TABLE 3	34. Air Force Working Capital Fund Cash Management
TABLE 3	55. Transportation Working Capital Fund Cash Management



DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE

The Nation's demand for airpower and space dominance requires an agile and lethal force able to adapt rapidly to accomplish a wide variety of missions across all warfighting domains. To achieve this, the Department must leverage the combined strengths of the Active, Guard, Reserve, and civilian forces.



ACTIVE U.S. AIR FORCE

The Active Duty Air Force makes up the largest, fulltime component of the Department. The Active Duty maintain aircraft and bases worldwide, while supporting all five U.S. Air Force core missions: Air and Space Superiority; Global Intelligence, Surveillance and Reconnaissance (ISR); Rapid Global Mobility; Global Strike; and Command and Control (C2).



ACTIVE U.S. SPACE FORCE

The Active Duty Space Force is a small but agile force called to organize, train, equip, and present forces capable of preserving America's freedom of action in space; enabling Joint Force lethality and effectiveness; and providing independent options – in, from, and to space. Space Force forces support eight Space Operations and Associated Missions: Space Electromagnetic Warfare, Spacelift/ Access & Acquisitions, Satellite Communications, Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance, Satellite Operations and Engineering, Cyber Operations, Missile Warning/Defense, and Space Domain Awareness.



AIR NATIONAL GUARD

The Air National Guard (ANG) component is the second largest component of the Air Force and provides almost half of the Air Force's tactical airlift support, combat communications functions, aeromedical evacuations and aerial refueling. The Air National Guard's federal mission is to maintain well-trained, well-equipped units available for prompt mobilization during war and provide assistance during national emergencies. During peacetime, the combat-ready and support units, assigned to most Air Force major commands, carry out missions compatible with training, mobilization readiness, humanitarian, and contingency operations.



AIR FORCE RESERVE

The Air Force Reserve (AFR) component is a small but agile and combat-ready component of the Air Force which supports all five of the Air Force core missions. They also perform aircraft flight testing, aerial port operations, civil engineer, security forces, military training, communications, mobility support, transportation, and services missions. Reserve components stand shoulder to shoulder with their active duty counterparts to provide the military defense of our Nation.



DEPARTMENT CIVILIANS

More than 150,000 Department of the Air Force civilians work side by side each day with their military counterparts. These civilians are critical to Air and Space Force operations. Civilian employees provide a unique perspective, invaluable experience, continuity, and leadership across all of the Department's mission sets.

OVERVIEW Section 2

TABLE 1. DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE BUDGET SUMMARY

Department of the Air Force I	Budget Summary	
	FY22 PB	FY23 PB
Total Department (\$B)	173.6	194.0
Operation and Maintenance (O&M)	66.6	72.1
Military Personnel (MILPERS)	38.4	40.4
Research Development Test & Evaluation (RDT&E)	40.1	49.2
Procurement	25.6	29.3
Military Construction (MILCON) & Military Family Housing (MFH)	2.9	3.0



U.S. AIR FORCE BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

The U.S. Air Force FY 2023 budget request is approximately \$169.5 billion dollars, a \$13.2B increase from the FY 2022 request.

The FY 2023 Operation & Maintenance (O&M) budget includes a \$5.5B dollar increase from the FY 2022 request. This request resources a 4.6% civilian pay raise and benefits (\$576M), adds \$154M for Violence Prevention and Response programs, and increases Facilities Sustainment, Restoration, and Modernization by \$384M. Additionally, it resources Air Force Weapons System Sustainment (WSS) at 85% and funds the flying hours at the maximum executable level (1.1 million flying hours).

The FY 2023 Air Force Military Personnel (MILPERS) budget improves quality of life for Airmen. It resources a 4.6% pay raise, 4.2% BAH raise, and 3.4% BAS raise. This budget resources \$1.1B for Permanent Change of Station moves and includes \$520M for bonus/retention programs for approximately 30K critical skilled positions.

The FY 2023 Air Force Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (RDT&E) budget invests in key modernization efforts to address across many of the core missions such as air superiority, global strike, command and control, and rapid global mobility. The nuclear enterprise includes modernizations efforts for Ground Based Strategic Deterrent (GBSD), Long Range Standoff (LRSO), and the Survivable Airborne Operations Center (SAOC). These investments along with other modernizations will address future security challenges in alignment with the Secretary of the Air Forces' seven operational imperatives.

The Air Force Procurement budget continues investments in a number of modernization priorities such as the F-35A, F-15EX, KC-46A, and begins procurement for B-21 bomber and MH-139 helicopter program. In addition, the procurement budget continues investment in advanced munitions with the Joint Air to Surface Standoff Missile – Extended Range (JASSM-ER), Long Range Anti-Ship missile (LRASM), along with other precision munities such as Joint Direct Attack Munition and Small Diameter Bomb (I & II).

The Air Force Military Construction (MILCON) budget continues to fund high-priority projects to meet critical infrastructure requirements, mission needs, and operational timelines. The FY 2023 MILCON request includes \$2.3 billion for Military Construction with resources allocated for new weapon system beddowns, existing infrastructure investment, and Planning and Design for future projects.



TABLES	110		DOE		
IABLE 7.	U.S.	AIR EC)KCE	BUDGE	「 SUMMARY

	U.S. Air Ford	e Budget Summary			
				FY22 PB	FY23 PB
Total U.S. Air Force (\$B)				156.3	169.5
Operation and Maintenance (O&M)				63.2	68.1
Military Personnel (MILPERS)				38.4	39.3
Research Development Test & Evaluation				28.8	33.4
(RDT&E)					
Procurement				22.9	25.7
Military Construction (MILCON)				2.4	2.3
Military Family Housing				0.4	0.6
Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC)				0.1	0.1
General Facts (Quantities)				FY22 PB	FY23 PB
Total Aircraft Inventory				5,451	5,216
Flying Hours(M)				1,150	1,126
Personnel Facts (End Strength)				FY22 PB	FY23 PB
Authorized Manpower				660,324	657,773
Military				515,300	510,400
USAF Active				328,300	323,400
USSF Active				8,400	8,600
Guard				108,300	108,400
Reserve				70,300	70,000
Civilian				145,024	147,373
USAF				140,660	142,446
USSF				4,364	4,927
			Major Procurement Quantities		
	FY 22FWE22 PB	FY 23 PB23 PB		FY 22 PB	FY 25YP263 PB
Aircraft			Weapons		
F-35A	48	33	JDAM	1,919	4,200
KC-46A	14	15	Small Diameter Bomb-II	985	761
F-15 EX	12	24	AGM-158 JASSM-ER	525	550
HH-60W	14	10	Small Diameter Bomb-I	998	356
MH-139	0	5	AIM-120D AMRAAM	168	271
			AIM-9X Sidewinder	243	255
			LRASM	0	28
				Ü	20



U.S. SPACE FORCE BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

The FY 2023 Space Force budget is \$24.5 billion. This funding is a critical first step to combat emerging space threats and requirements and transitioning military space operations from combat support to warfighting. The funding resources space-related Weapon Systems and Operations, Weapon System Sustainment, Field Command Support, Education and Training, Space-Related Air Force Elements, and Space-Related Headquarters.

The U.S. Space Force FY 2023 Operation and Maintenance (O&M) budget request of \$4 billion includes funds for a 4.6% pay raise for civilian personnel. This budget request funds 83% of Weapon System Sustainment requirements, a 4% increase over FY22 levels. In addition, this budget request sustains day-to-day mission operations and supports headquarters and field centers for doctrine development, warfare, intelligence, and professional military education.

The FY 2023 Military Personnel (MILPERS) budget of \$1 billion transitions from the U.S. Air Force MILPERS appropriation to the U.S. Space Force. This budget resources 4.6% raises in pay, 4.2% basic allowance for housing, and 3.4% basic allowance for subsistence. Additionally, it supports USSF end strength growth from 8,400 military authorizations to 8,600 military authorizations.

The FY 2023 U.S. Space Force Research, Development, Test & Evaluation (RDT&E) budget of \$15.8 billion invests to protect and defend current space assets, build more resilient and defendable architectures, and develop offensive capabilities to challenge adversary space capabilities. This request includes funding for resilient missile warning/missile tracking capabilities, Evolved Strategic SATCOM (ESS), and Deep Space Advance Radar Capability (DARC) rapid prototyping.

The U.S. Space Force Procurement budget of \$3.6 billion funds acquisition of space vehicles and terminals, ground control systems, launch services, and related communications security and training products.



. 5

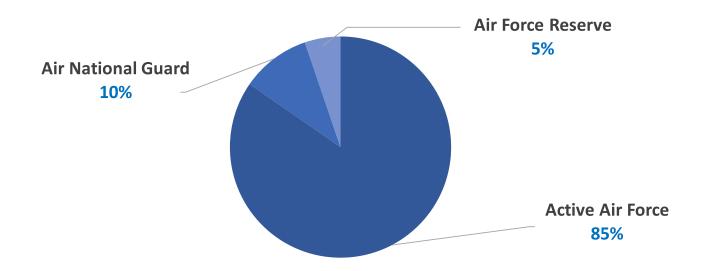
TABLE 3. U.S. SPACE FORCE BUDGET SUMMARY			
Total U.S. Space Force (\$B)	FY22 PB	FY23 PB	
	17.4	24.5	
Operations and Maintenance (O&M)	3.4	4.0	
Military Personnel (MILPERS)		1.0	
Research Development Test & Evaluation (RDT&E)	11.3	15.8	
Procurement	2.8	3.6	
Personnel Facts (End Strength)	FY22 PB	FY23 PB	
Authorized Manpower	12,764	13,527	
Military	8,400	8,600	
Civilian	4,364	4,927	
Major Procurement Quantities	FY22 PB	FY23 PB	
Space			
National Security Space Launch	5	3	
	2	2	
Global Positioning System III Follow-On	2	2	



U.S. AIR FORCE OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (O&M)

Figure 1 depicts the FY 2023 U.S. Air Force Baseline shown in Table 4 and displays the relative size of each component of this appropriation.

FIGURE 1. O&M - U.S. AIR FORCE TOTAL FORCE FY 2023 BASELINE BUDGET REQUEST



The FY 2023 U.S. Air Force Operation and Maintenance (O&M) budget funds the day-to-day expenses in support of operational requirements for all five Air Force core functions. O&M resources directly support essential combat enablers such as flying operations, cyberspace operations, intelligence, logistics, nuclear deterrence, search and rescue, and special operations activities. O&M funds the operation, sustainment, and maintenance of aircraft, weapon systems, command and control systems, and airfield and base facilities. Additionally, this funding purchases critical supplies, equipment and fuel, as well as funds training and development of Airmen, and funds pay and benefits for most U.S. Air Force civilian personnel. Table 4 displays O&M across the Total Force by component.

TABLE 4. O&M U.S. AIR FORCE TOTAL FORCE BY COMPONENT			
Operation and Maintenance, U.S. Air Force Total Force (\$M)	FY22 PB	FY23 PB	
Active Air Force	53,294	57,658	
Air National Guard	6,574	6,901	
Air Force Reserve	3,352	3,565	
Total	63,220	68,124	

The U.S. Air Force FY 2023 O&M budget request of \$68.1 billion prioritizes developing our Airmen, and the advancement of pilot training, while building upon readiness gains made over the last several years.

The U.S. Air Force is focusing on the urgency to find innovative ways to maintain an aging fleet through modernization of logistics systems to sustain current operational readiness while posturing for future fleet growth. This budget also results in sustained investments in core readiness accounts including Weapon System Sustainment (WSS) and flying operations. The Air Force's overall FY 2023 O&M budget request increases core readiness funding by \$1.5 billion, or 6.2 percent above FY 2022 PB request. This budget request maintains current readiness while balancing modernization priorities.

The Air Force continues to make investments in relevant next-generation capabilities. This includes a \$162 million increase to fund nuclear related O&M priorities along with \$305M for combat ranges, four 6th Generation Over the Horizon (OTH) radars, and F-35 beddown at eight locations.

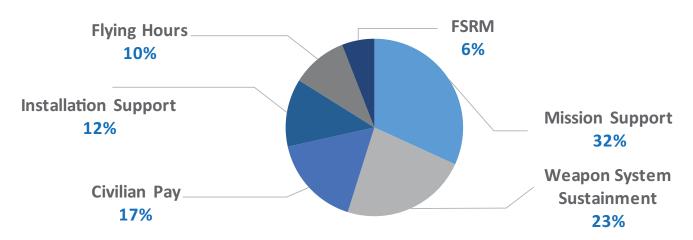
The U.S. Air Force is investing in innovative people programs to tackle a number of issues. The Air Force is investing \$154 million to add 669 full-time personnel recommended by the Independent Review Commission for Sexual Assault Prevention and Response efforts. The Diversity and Inclusion portfolio saw a \$16 million increase for additional scholarships and related programs.



O&M - ACTIVE U.S. AIR FORCE

Figure 2 depicts the FY 2023 Active U.S. Air Force Baseline shown in Table 5 and displays the relative size of each subsection of this appropriation.

FIGURE 2. O&M - ACTIVE U.S. AIR FORCE FY 2023 BASELINE BUDGET REQUEST

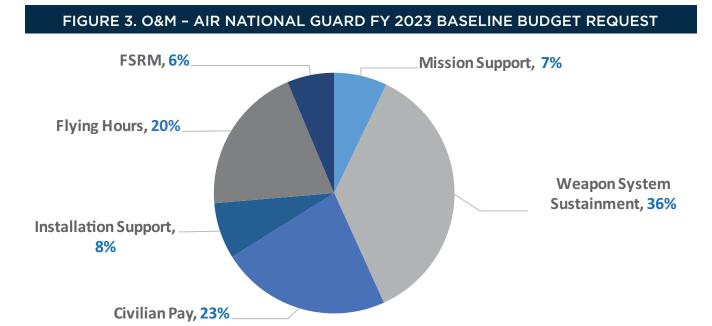


The FY 2023 Active U.S. Air Force Operation and Maintenance (O&M) budget request funds expenses such as civilian salaries, travel, minor construction projects, operating military forces, training and education, depot maintenance and base operations support for U.S. Air Force personnel worldwide. This budget also invests in the digital infrastructure to set the environment to connect across all domains of military operations.

TABLE 5. O&M - ACTIVE U.S. AIR FORCE BY PROGRAM				
Operation and Maintenance, Active Air Force (\$M)	FY22 PB	FY23 PB		
Mission Support	16,580	18,345		
Weapon System Sustainment	12,299	13,288		
Civilian Pay	9,023	9,603		
Installation Support	6,469	7,136		
Flying Hours	5,647	5,872		
FSRM	3,276	3,415		
Total	53,294	57,659		

O&M - AIR NATIONAL GUARD

Figure 3 depicts the FY 2023 Air National Guard (ANG) Baseline shown in Table 6 and displays the relative size of each subsection of this appropriation.

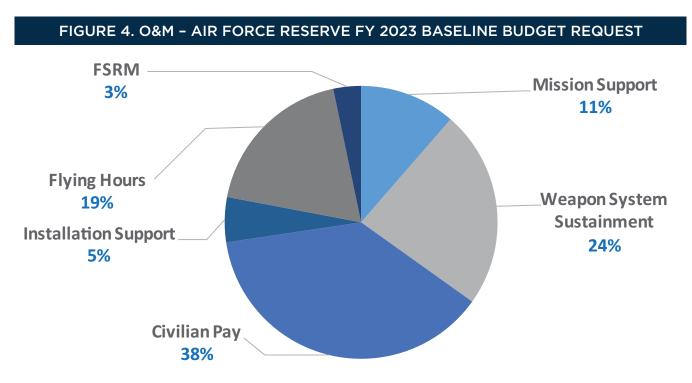


The Air National Guard (ANG) Operation and Maintenance (O&M) appropriation funds the training and equipping of units allowing for prompt mobilization during war and assistance during national emergencies. Funding also supports operational missions such as Homeland Defense, which includes the Aerospace Control Alert (ACA) mission and Command and Control. The FY 2023 O&M budget request funds 138,235 peacetime flying hours, maintenance of 912 aircraft and day-to-day operational costs of 90 wings. The budget request also supports mission training for combat readiness of 108,400 ANG personnel.

TABLE 6. O&M - AIR NA	ATIONAL GUARD BY PROG	iRAM
Operation and Maintenance, Air National Guard (\$M)	FY22 PB	FY23 PB
Mission Support	467	492
Weapon System Sustainment	2,343	2,491
Civilian Pay	1,616	1,579
Installation Support	487	520
Flying Hours	1,308	1,382
Facility Sustainment, Restoration and Modernization	353	437
USAF Total	6,574	6,901

O&M - AIR FORCE RESERVE

Figure 4 depicts the FY 2023 Air Force Reserve Baseline shown in Table 7 and displays the relative size of each subsection of this appropriation.

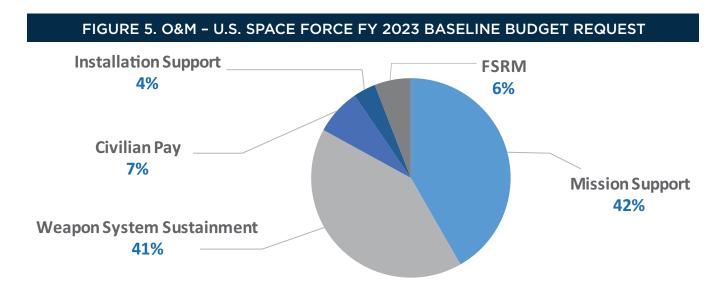


The Air Force Reserve (AFR) Operation and Maintenance (O&M) appropriation provides funding to train units and assigned personnel for immediate mobilization. The budget request provides for the operation and training of 37 wings, 73,056 peacetime flying hours, and the maintenance of 292 aircraft. Additionally, this funding covers Air Reserve Technician (ART) and civil service employee salaries and provides mission training for 70,000 Reserve personnel.

TABLE 7. O&M - AIR FORCE RESERVE BY PROGRAM			
Operation and Maintenance, Air Force Reserve (\$M)	FY22 PB	FY23 PB	
Mission Support	378	408	
Weapon System Sustainment	785	835	
Civilian Pay	1,332	1,347	
Installation Support	151	190	
Flying Hours	605	668	
FSRM	101	117	
USAF Total	3,352	3,565	

U.S. SPACE FORCE OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (O&M)

Figure 5 depicts the FY 2023 U.S. Space Force Baseline shown in Table 8 and displays the relative size of each subsection of this appropriation.



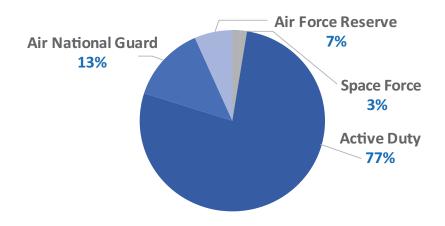
The FY 2023 U.S. Space Force Operation and Maintenance (O&M) funds the operation, sustainment, and maintenance of Spacelift range operations, satellites, Weapon System Sustainment, and all ground-based and space-based systems; training and development of Guardians, provides pay and benefits for civilian personnel, and purchases critical supplies and equipment. The U.S. Space Force FY 2023 O&M budget request of \$4.0 billion includes resources for the headquarters and field commands for doctrine development, warfare, intelligence, facility sustainment, restoration, and modernization (FSRM), base support, professional military education, and personnel. In addition, the budget provides enabling capabilities to the Joint Fight, and supports the enhancement of Guardian Readiness. This budget funds 2,595 civilian positions for day-to-day operations, with 356 of those positions assigned to the U.S. Space Force Headquarters.

TABLE 8. O&M - U.S. SPACE FORCE BY PROGRAM			
Operation and Maintenance, U. S. Space Force (\$M)	FY22 PB	FY23 PB	
Mission Support	1,340	1,662	
Weapon System Sustainment	1,439	1,644	
Civilian Pay	271	298	
Installation Support	144	145	
FSRM	213	235	
Total	3,406	3,984	

MILITARY PERSONNEL (MILPERS)

Figure 6 depicts the FY 2023 Department of the Air Force Baseline request shown in Table 9 subdivided by component.

FIGURE 6. MILPERS - DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE TOTAL FORCE FY 2023



The FY 2023 Department of the Air Force Military Personnel (MILPERS) budget supports a Total Force end-strength of 510,400 personnel, a decreases of 4,900 from FY 2022. The budget request includes increases of 4.6% for Military Pay, 4.2% in Basic Allowance for Housing, and 3.4% for Basic Allowance for Subsistence. The Department continues to make smart and disciplined choices regarding the responsible use of our military. It leverages the Active (Air Force and Space Force), Guard, and Reserve Components to create the Total Force necessary to engage in enduring and emergent air and space operations around the globe. A summary of the major changes for is below:

- Air Force end-strength is 323,400, a decrease of 4,900 end-strengths from FY 2022
- Space Force end-strength 8,600, an increase of 200 end-strengths from FY 2022
- ANG end-strength of 108,400, an increase of 100 end-strengths from FY 2022
- AFR component end-strength of 70,000, a decrease of 300 end-strengths from FY 2022

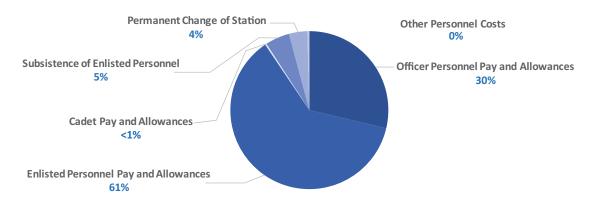
TABLE 9. MILPERS - DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE TOTAL FORCE

MILPERS, Department of the Air Force Total Force (\$M)	FY22 PB	FY23 PB
Active Duty	31,254	31,230
Air National Guard	5,104	5,436
Air Force Reserve	2,528	2,672
Space Force		1,019
Total	38,886	40,357

MILPERS - ACTIVE DUTY

Figure 7 depicts the FY 2023 Department of the Air Force Active Baseline request shown in Table 10 subdivided into major activities.

FIGURE 7. MILPERS - DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE ACTIVE FY 2023 BASELINE BUDGET REQUEST



The FY 2023 U.S. Air Force Active MILPERS budget supports a reduction of 4,900 personnel to the all-volunteer force, decreasing the total from 328,300, to 323,400 requested in FY 2023. This decrease in end-strengths is driven by a reduction in medical manpower and other force structure changes. Additionally, the budget funds \$397 million dollars for bonuses in critically manned career fields. This funding represents an investment in our Airmen, and assists with attracting and retaining high-quality recruits to support a technology driven Service.

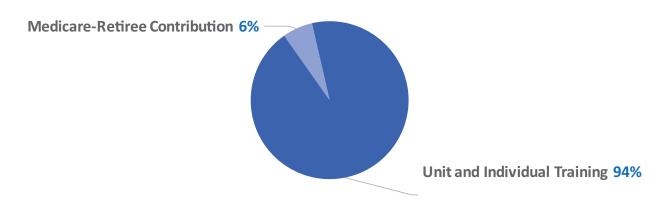
TABLE 10. MILPERS - BY MAJOR ACTIVITY			
MILPERS, Department of the Air Force Active Component (\$M)	FY22 PB	FY23 PB	
Officer Personnel Pay and Allowances	8,710	9,134	
Enlisted Personnel Pay and Allowances	18,118	18,655	
Cadet Pay and Allowances	88	90	
Subsistence of Enlisted Personnel	1,456	1,498	
Permanent Change of Station	1,208	1,147	
Other Personnel Costs	114	122	
Subtotal	29,716	30,646	
Medicare-Retiree Contribution	1,538	1,603	
Total	31,254	32,249	

Numbers may not add due to rounding Includes funding for Space Force personnel

MILPERS - AIR NATIONAL GUARD

Figure 8 depicts the FY 2023 Air National Guard Baseline request shown in Table 11 subdivided into major activities.

FIGURE 8. MILPERS - AIR NATIONAL GUARD FY 2023 BASELINE BUDGET REQUEST



The Air National Guard (ANG) MILPERS budget funds direct military compensation, including regular pay and benefits, retired pay accruals, recruiting and retention incentives, and clothing allowances. Funding supports 15 days of annual tours, 48 drill periods, and active duty tours for training of select ANG personnel in FY 2023. The ANG component total end-strength of 108,400 is an increase of 100 personnel from FY 2022.

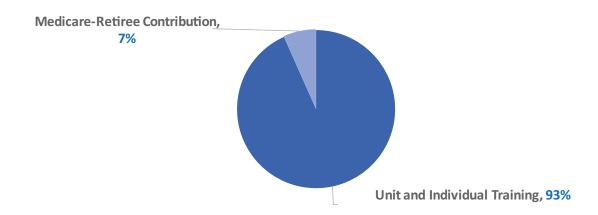
TABLE 11. MILPERS - AIR NATIONAL GUARD			
MILPERS, Air National Guard (\$M)	FY22 PB	FY23 PB	
Unit and Individual Training	4,791	5,102	
Medicare-Retiree Contribution	313	334	
Total	5,104	5,436	



MILPERS - AIR FORCE RESERVE

Figure 9 depicts the FY 2023 Air Force Reserve Baseline request shown in Table 12 subdivided into major activities.

FIGURE 9. MILPERS - AIR FORCE RESERVE FY 2023 BASELINE BUDGET REQUEST



The Air Force Reserve (AFR) MILPERS budget funds direct military compensation, including regular pay, allowances, and benefits for trained units and individual Reservists who augment the Active component to fulfill military mission requirements. The Reserve component end-strength of 70,000 is a decrease by 300 from FY 2022.

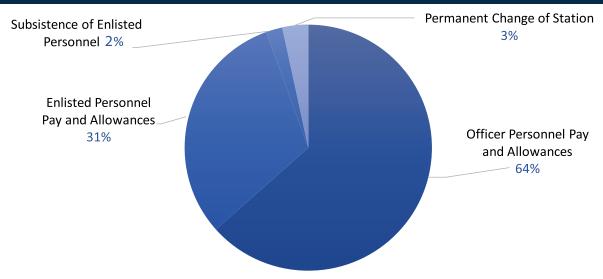
TABLE 12. MILPERS - AIR FORCE RESERVE			
MILPERS, Air Force Reserve (\$M)	FY22 PB	FY23 PB	
Unit and Individual Training	2,361	2,494	
Medicare-Retiree Contribution	167	178	
Total	2,528	2,672	



MILPERS - U.S. SPACE FORCE

Figure 10 depicts the FY 2023 U.S. Space Force Baseline request shown in Table 13 subdivided into major activities.





The FY 2023 U.S. Space Force MILPERS budget request marks the separation of active Space Force Military Personnel funding into its own appropriation. In this budget, the Space Force grows by 200 to 8,600 Guardians. The projected increase is largely driven by the transfer of the Space Development Agency, as directed by the FY 2021 National Defense Authorization Act, and interservice transfers which continues the consolidation of existing missions in support of Space Force requirements and Chief of Space Operation priorities.

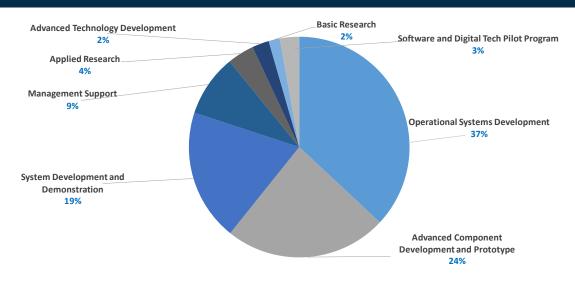
TABLE 13. MILPERS - U.S. SPACE FORCE		
MILPERS, U.S. Space Force (\$M)	FY23 PB	
Officer Personnel Pay and Allowances	619	
Enlisted Personnel Pay and Allowances	303	
Subsistance of Enlisted Personnel	20	
Permanent Change of Station	33	
Other Personnel Costs	1	
Subtotal	976	
Medicare Retiree Contribution	43	
Total	1,019	

Numbers may not add due to rounding Includes funding for Space Force personnel

U.S. AIR FORCE RESEARCH DEVELOPMENT TEST AND EVALUATION (RDT&E)

Figure 11 depicts the FY 2023 U.S. Air Force Baseline request shown in Table 14 subdivided into major categories. Table 15 summarizes the major developments funded in this request.





The U.S. Air Force Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (RDT&E) appropriation funds the following eight budget activities: Basic Research, Applied Research, Advanced Technology Development, Advanced Component Development and Prototypes, System Development and Demonstration, Management Support, Operational System Development, and Software and Digital Technology Pilot Program. Basic Research activities are scientific studies and experimentation related to long-term national security, while Applied Research is systematic study to understand how to meet specific national security requirements. Advanced Technology Development activities include the integration of subsystems and components into prototypes for field experiments and tests in a simulated environment. Advanced Component Development and Prototypes activities involve efforts that expedite subsystem maturity prior to integration into major systems, and may include risk reduction initiatives. System Development and Demonstration activities conduct engineering and manufacturing of developing tasks to meet validated requirements prior to full-rate production. Management Support activities fund administration of RDT&E activities to sustain and modernize installations or operations. Operational Systems Development activities include efforts to upgrade fielded systems, or systems approved for full rate production, with funding anticipated within two fiscal years. Finally, Software and Digital Technology Pilot Program activities demonstrate our ability to leverage commercial best practices and deliver capability for evolving warfighting priorities.

TABLE 14. RDT&E - U.S. AIR FORCE			
RDT&E, U.S. Air Force (\$M)	FY22 PB	FY23 PB	
Operational Systems Development	11,354	12,334	
Advanced Component Development and Prototype	8,937	7,945	
System Development and Demonstration	2,570	6,439	
Management Support	3,016	3,034	
Applied Research	1,315	1,306	
Advanced Technology Development	734	827	
Basic Research	491	547	
Software and Digital Tech Pilot Program	418	946	
Total	28,833	33,378	

Numbers may not add due to rounding

٠

The FY 2023 U.S. Air Force RDT&E budget invests in innovation to address future security challenges. In support of integrated deterrence, this budget increases funding for the Nuclear Enterprise. This includes an increase for Ground-Based Strategic Deterrent to continue the modernization of our Minuteman III. Additionally, this request continues development of the B-21 Raider, Survivable Airborne Operations Center (E-4 National Airborne Operations Center recapitalization), B-52 and KC-46 modernization, and begins E-3 Airborne Warning and Control System (AWACS) recapitalization efforts.

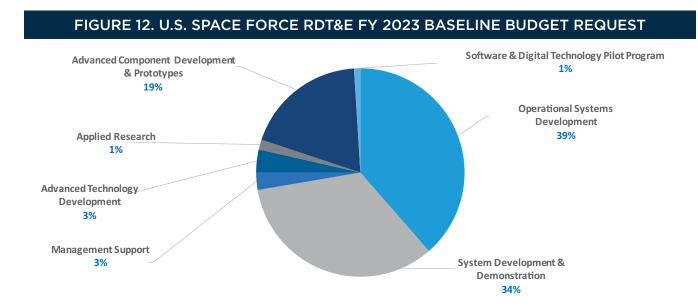
The FY 2023 budget request continues Advanced Battle Management System (ABMS) experimentation, enabling decision superiority for warfighters at tactical, operational, and strategic levels. This budget also continues development of Next-Generation Air Dominance(NGAD) to advance air superiority through capability improvements to reinforce deterrence and maintain our lethal edge against global threats.

The FY 2023 budget request increases our agile experimentation and prototyping efforts to understand requirements, inform critical decisions, evaluate feasibility, and to expedite fielding of capabilities to the warfighter. The U.S. Air Force prototyping efforts include adaptive engines, hypersonics, cyber/electronic warfare, and low-cost aircraft technologies. In addition, we continue to leverage leading edge commercial technologies though our small business outreach.

TABLE 15. RDT&E - U.S. AIR FORCE SIGNIFICANT PROGRAMS			
U.S. Air Force Significant RDT&E Programs (\$M)			
	FY22 PB	FY23 PB	
Aircraft			
B-21	2,873	3,254	
F-35A	1,055	1,085	
B-52	716	770	
KC-46	73	198	
E-3 Recapitalization	0	227	
Nuclear			
Ground Based Strategic Deterrent (GBSD)	2,554	3,614	
Long Range Standoff (LRSO) Weapon	609	929	
Survivable Airborne Operations Center	133	203	
Other			
Next-Generation Air Dominance (NGAD)	1,525	1,658	
Tech Transition Program	344	650	
Hypersonic Prototyping - ARRW, HACM	438	577	
Advanced Engine Development (AED)	124	354	
Advanced Battle Management System (ABMS)	204	231	

U.S. SPACE FORCE RESEARCH DEVELOPMENT TEST AND EVALUATION (RDT&E)

Figure 12 depicts the FY 2023 U.S. Space Force Baseline request shown in Table 16 subdivided into major categories. Table 17 summarizes the major developments funded in this request.



The U.S. Space Force Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (RDT&E) appropriation funds the following seven budget activities: Applied Research, Advanced Technology Development, Advanced Component Development and Prototypes, System Development and Demonstration, Management Support, Operational System Development, and Software and Digital Technology Pilot Program. Applied Research is systematic study to understand how to meet specific national security requirements. Advanced Technology Development activities include the integration of subsystems and components into prototypes for field experiments and tests in a simulated environment. Advanced Component Development and Prototypes activities involve efforts that expedite subsystem maturity prior to integration into major systems, and may include risk reduction initiatives. System Development and Demonstration activities conduct engineering and manufacturing of developing tasks to meet validated requirements prior to full-rate production. Management Support activities fund administration of Space Force RDT&E activities to sustain and modernize installations or operations. Operational Systems Development activities include efforts to upgrade fielded systems, or systems approved for full rate production, with funding anticipated within two fiscal years. Finally, Software and Digital Technology Pilot Program activities demonstrate our ability to leverage commercial best practices and deliver capability for evolving warfighting priorities.

TABLE 16. RDT&E - U.S. SPACE FORCE			
RDT&E, U.S. Space Force (\$M)	FY22 PB	FY23 PB	
Operational Systems Development	5,583	6,102	
System Development & Demonstration	3,339	5,336	
Advanced Component Development & Prototypes	1,579	2,992	
Advanced Technology Development	77	564	
Management Support	356	425	
Applied Research	176	244	
Software & Digital Technology Pilot Program	155	155	
Total	11, 265	15,818	

Numbers may not add due to rounding

The FY 2023 U.S. Space Force RDT&E budget invests in protection and defense of current assets, our transition to more resilient and defendable architectures, and the development of space capabilities. Guardians understand that superiority in the space domain must be aggressively gained and protected. These investments will support the development of the operational capabilities we need to deter and combat competitor activities.

The FY 2023 budget request increases funding for Resilient Missile Warning/Missile tracking systems to address evolving threats from near-peer adversaries. Additionally, the request continues funding for upgrading Global Positioning System (GPS) constellation and ground control systems, as well as, adding funds to support the Evolved Strategic SATCOM (ESS) program which will ensure survivable strategic communication is maintain during global engagements. It also increases investment in the Next-Generation Overhead Persistent Infrared (OPIR) system.

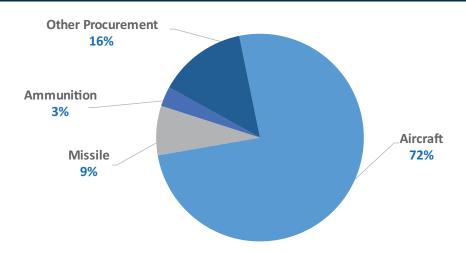
In FY 2023 we embrace innovation, experimentation, and smart investments in new and game changing technologies and operating models that enable maintenance of our asymmetric advantage in space. This budget increases funding for Deep Space Advanced Radar Capability (DARC) which supports the rapid prototyping development effort to provide 24/7 all-weather tracking of space objects in geosynchronous orbit. Additionally, in FY 2023 Technology Development & Prototyping and Science & Technology Research & Development efforts will transfer to the U.S. Space Force from the Space Development Agency.

TABLE 17. RDT&E - U.S. SPACE FORCE SIGNIFICANT PROGRAMS		
U.S. Space Force Significant RDT&E Programs (\$M)		
	FY22 PB	FY23 PB
Space		
Next-Gen OPIR	2,451	3,480
Resilient Missile Warning/Missile Tracking	0	1,030
Space Technology Development & Prototyping	0	987
Evolved Strategic SATCOM (ESS)	160	566
Numbers may not add due to rounding		

U.S. AIR FORCE PROCUREMENT

Figure 13 depicts the FY 2023 U.S. Air Force Baseline request shown in Table 18 subdivided into major activities.

FIGURE 13. U.S. AIR FORCE PROCUREMENT FY 2023 BASELINE BUDGET REQUEST



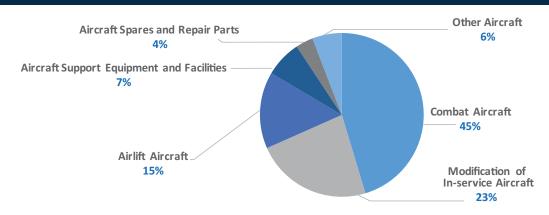
The Procurement portfolio delivers both immediate and future capabilities through investment across four specific appropriations: Aircraft, Ammunition, Missile, and Other Procurement. The U.S. Air Force satisfies national security requirements by investing in more lethal and cost-effective capabilities, as well as modernization and recapitalization efforts. To meet those requirements, the FY 2023 budget request funds 5th generation aircraft such as the F-35A, complementary 4th generation aircraft such as the F-15EX, and the modernization of the refueling fleet with the KC-46A. The following pages discuss the procurement appropriations in more detail.

TABLE 18. U.S. AIR FORCE PROCUREMENT			
Procurement, Department of the Air Force (\$M)	FY22 PB	FY23 PB	
Aircraft	15,710	18,499	
Missile	2,100	2,257	
Ammunition	795	904	
Other Procurement	4,267	4,030	
Total	22,872	25,689	

U.S. AIR FORCE PROCUREMENT - AIRCRAFT

Figure 14 depicts the FY 2023 U.S. Air Force Baseline request shown in Table 19 subdivided into major categories.





Aircraft Procurement funds acquisition and modification of aircraft, ground support equipment, training devices, and spare parts. The U.S. Air Force continues to modernize the 4th and 5th Generation Fighter Fleet with the acquisition of 33 F-35A Joint Strike Fighters and 24 F-15EXEagle IIs that replace aging F-15C/D models. The U.S. Air Force must retain a technological edge by equipping our Airmen with highly advanced and lethal tools to prevail in the high end fight. In support of those objectives, this budget includes investments in F-22 sensor enhancements to more closely track and stay ahead of potential adversaries and F-35 Block 4 modernization with hardware that ensures the F-35's relevance in the high-end fight. This budget continues investment in the F-15 Eagle Passive Active Warning and Survivability System, which is an advanced digital electronic warfare system capable of defeating modern threat systems in contested airspace.

The FY 2023 budget funds low-rate initial production for the B-21 Raider, which will penetrate modern and future adversary advanced air defenses. Modernized airframes will be delivered with open system architecture and the ability to excel in all domains which is essential to sustaining global strike capabilities against near-peer adversaries. Ultimately, these advancements will support our efforts to deter aggression and work seamlessly with our allies and partners across all domains, theaters, and spectrums of conflict.

In addition to developing bomber and fighter capabilities, we will continue investing in our mobility aircraft fleets. This budget procures 15 KC-46A tankers in FY 2023. Our budget request also supports nuclear missile field security and personnel recovery through procurement of 5 MH-139A Helicopters and 10 HH-60W Combat Rescue Helicopters to replace and augment aging of UH-1N and HH-60G helicopter fleets. Additionally, the budget includes investments in C-17 beyond line of sight communications, which will use both military and commercial satellite systems to extend communication ranges.

·

The Table below summarizes funding for U.S. Air Force Aircraft Procurement by budget activity.

TABLE 19. U.S. AIR FORCE PROCUREMENT, AIRCRAFT

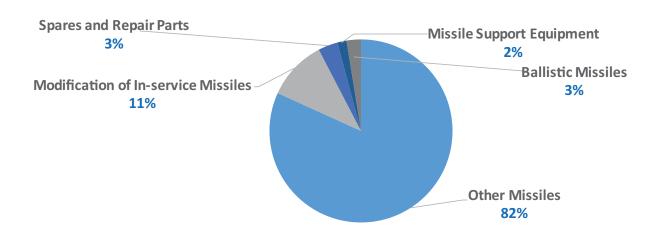
Aircraft Procurement, U.S. Air Force (\$M)	FY22 PB	FY23 PB
Combat Aircraft	5,963	8,389
Modification of In-service Aircraft	3,789	4,257
Airlift Aircraft	2,729	2,800
Aircraft Support Equipment and Facilities	1,256	1,336
Other Aircraft	1,038	1,083
Aircraft Spares and Repair Parts	924	624
Trainer Aircraft	10	11
Total	15,710	18,500



U.S. AIR FORCE PROCUREMENT - MISSILE

Figure 15 depicts the FY 2023 U.S. Air Force Baseline request shown in Table 20 subdivided into major categories.

FIGURE 15. U.S. AIR FORCE PROCUREMENT, MISSILE FY 2023 BASELINE BUDGET REQUEST



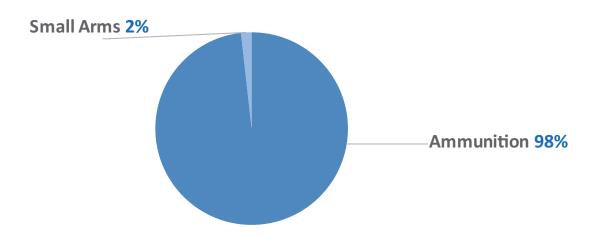
The Missile Procurement appropriation funds acquisition and modification of missiles, spare parts, and support equipment. To supply current operations and replenish stockpiles, in FY 2023 the U.S. Air Force will continue procurement of Small Diameter Bombs (SDB), bringing SDB-I to a quantity of 356 and SDB-II to 761. This budget also increases procurement of Joint Air-to-Surface Standoff Missile-Extended Range (JASSM-ER) to 550, the maximum production capacity. Additionally, the U.S. Air Force will procure 255 AIM-9X Sidewinder, 271 AIM-120D Advanced Medium-Range Air-to-Air Missiles (AMRAAM) and 28 Long Range Anti-Ship Missiles to sustain the U.S. Air Force's air dominance and attack capabilities. Through these efforts, the U.S. will be equipped to deter threats from adversaries and achieve our objectives.

TABLE 20. U.S. AIR FORCE PROCUREMENT, MISSILE			
Missile Procurement, U.S. Air Force (\$M)	FY22 PB	FY23 PB	
Other Missiles	1,683	1,845	
Modification of In-service Missiles	236	239	
Spares and Repair Parts	82	78	
Missile Support Equipment	30	37	
Ballistic Missiles	69	57	
Total	2,100	2,256	

U.S. AIR FORCE PROCUREMENT - AMMUNITION

Figure 16 depicts the FY 2023 U.S. Air Force Baseline request shown in Table 21 subdivided into major categories.

FIGURE 16. U.S. AIR FORCE PROCUREMENT, AMMUNITION FY 2023 BASELINE BUDGET REQUEST



The Ammunition Procurement appropriation funds the procurement, production, and modification of ammunition. The portfolio primarily includes ammunition, rockets, bombs, flares, fuses, cartridges, and related training devices.

TABLE 21. U.S. AIR FORCE PROCUREMENT, AMMUNITION			
Ammunition Procurement, U.S. Air Force (\$M)	FY22 PB	FY23 PB	
Ammunition	783	887	
Small Arms	12	16	

795

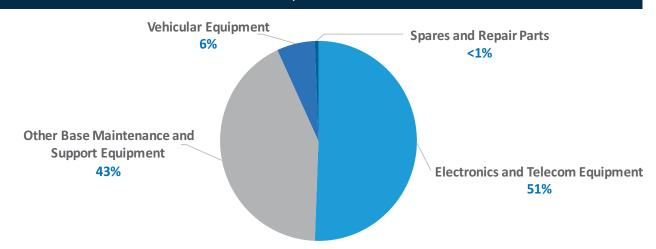
Numbers may not add due to rounding

Total

U.S. AIR FORCE PROCUREMENT - OTHER

Figure 17 depicts the FY 2023 U.S. Air Force Baseline request shown in Table 22 subdivided into major categories.

FIGURE 17. U.S. AIR FORCE PROCUREMENT, OTHER FY 2023 BASELINE BUDGET REQUEST



The Other Procurement appropriation funds the purchase and modification of ground electronic systems, information systems, and physical security systems, in addition to communication and base support equipment, spares, and vehicles. The FY 2023 request focuses on improving base defense, bolstering command and control capabilities, and investing in tools and technologies that increase force readiness.

To better address security challenges from competitors, the U.S. Air Force is investing in improvements to equipment to enhance base defense and resiliency. We are increasing funding for physical security systems to approximately \$150M, an increase of nearly \$49M from the FY 2022 request. We are making investments in Engineering and Explosive Ordinance Disposal (EOD) equipment, which includes rapid Airfield Damage Repair Kits. This line of effort also includes increasing funding for fuels support equipment, like collapsible fuel tanks to provide fuel storage capabilities at austere or forward operating locations where infrastructure is either inadequate or non-existent. Additionally, the FY 2023 budget focuses on strengthening Command, Control, and Communication (C3) to improve operational capabilities required for Joint All-Domain Operations. This includes the continued procurement of the Battlefield Airborne Communications Node (BACN), C3 countermeasures, and information technology infrastructure. BACN enables interoperability of systems, real-time information flow and strengthens our ability to operate in a joint environment. C3 countermeasures include capabilities critical to overcome technological advances and provide operators the ability to automatically detect, assess, and classify sensitive content using content-aware detection techniques. Information Technology enables information sharing with our mission partners and support command and control operations.

This budget also supports improvements in long-range surveillance, detection, and tracking of aerial targets through investments in the Three-Dimensional Expeditionary Long-Range Radar (3DELRR) system. The 3DELRR system will enable greater battlefield and battlespace awareness through its precise, real-time air picture. This budget also procures commercial microelectronic items to ensure assets are available for on-going acquisition programs to avoid breaks in schedule and production quantities.

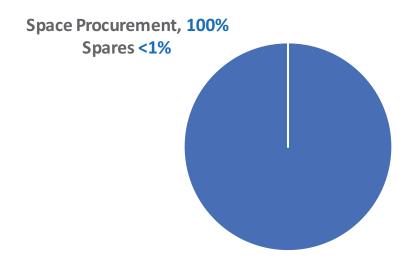
TABLE 22. U.S. AIR FORCE PROCUREMENT, OTHER			
Other Procurement, U.S. Air Force (\$M)	FY22 PB	FY23 PB	
Electronics and Telecom Equipment	2,487	2,038	
Other Base Maintenance and Support Equipment	1,355	1,714	
Vehicular Equipment	415	252	
Spares and Repair Parts	11	24	
Total	4,267	4,030	



U.S. SPACE FORCE PROCUREMENT

Figure 18 depicts the FY 2023 U.S. Space Force Baseline request shown in Table 23 subdivided into major activities.

FIGURE 18. U.S. SPACE FORCE PROCUREMENT FY 2023 BASELINE BUDGET REQUEST

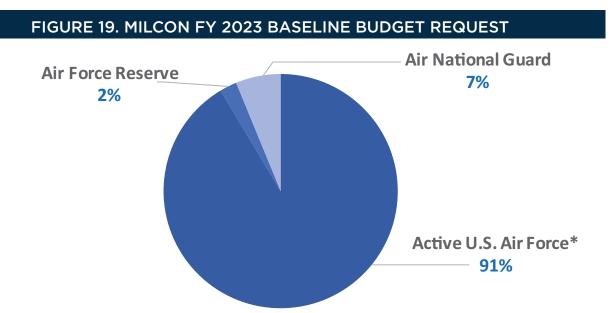


The U.S. Space Force Procurement appropriation funds acquisition of space vehicles and terminals, ground control systems, launch services, and related communications security and training products. The fastgrowing array of threats that can attack American interests in, through, and from space pose a challenge that cannot be addressed through enhancements to decreasingly relevant legacy space systems designed for an uncontested domain. The FY 2023 budget funds the procurement of three National Security Space Launch Services (NSSL) to provide assured access to space for the nation's warfighting and intelligence satellites. The very successful NSSL Phase 2 competition achieved commercial prices for commercial-like orbits and reduced launch costs over 50% for more challenging National Security Space orbits. In addition, Space Development Agency (SDA) launch program transferred to U.S. Space Force in FY 2023 and provides comprehensive launch services delivering responsive space capability to the joint force. This year's request highlights specific modernization efforts to improve resiliency through improvements to various elements of the Global Positioning System (GPS). These include investments in two follow-on satellites, which will provide new capabilities including a spot beam that provides a 100x anti-jam improvement over current encrypted military code. This budget also invests in a new resilient Missile Warning / Missile Tracking (MW/MT) design which initiates the Space Force's pivot to a series of resilient, survivable and defendable architectures. Not only does this framework address emerging challenges such as hypersonic missiles and anti-satellite weapons, but it also allows the Space Force to access a more diverse base of satellite vendors and launch providers who are also pivoting to proliferated constellations for commercial applications.

TABLE 23. U.S. SPACE FORCE PROCUREMENT			
Procurement, U.S. Space Force (\$M)	FY22 PB	FY23 PB	
Space Procurement -	2,766	3,628	
Spares - Space Force	1	1	
Total	2,767	3,630	

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (MILCON)

Figure 19 depicts the FY 2023 Department of the Air Force Baseline request shown in Table 24 subdivided by component.



The FY 2023 U.S. Air Force MILCON budget request focuses effort on critical infrastructure improvements, prioritizes new mission beddowns, and increases planning and design to advance future construction requirements. Collectively, these actions undertake urgently-needed actions to improve the defense ecosystem and build resilient facilities and infrastructure. This budget includes 38 major construction projects consisting of 24 new starts, 11 follow-on increments, and 3 land acquisitions. These projects support the B-21, Ground Based Strategic Deterrent (GBSD), Combat Rescue Helicopter, and KC-46 weapon system beddowns.

TABLE 24. DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE MILCON			
MILCON, Department of the Air Force (\$M)	FY22 PB	FY23 PB	
Active U.S. Air Force	2,103	2,055	
Air Force Reserve	78	57	
Air National Guard	198	149	
Total	2,379	2,261	

MILCON - ACTIVE U.S. AIR FORCE

The FY 2023 Active U.S. Air Force MILCON budget request focuses effort on critical infrastructure improvements, prioritizes new mission beddowns, and increases planning and design to advance future construction requirements. Collectively, these actions undertake urgently-needed actions to improve the defense ecosystem and build resilient facilities and infrastructure. This budget includes 32 major construction projects consisting of 19 new starts, 11 follow-on increments, and 2 land acquisitions. These projects support the B-21, Ground Based Strategic Deterrent (GBSD), Combat Rescue Helicopter, and KC-46 weapon system beddowns. Additionally, this budget supports funding for new facilities and infrastructure in the Indo-Pacific Command (\$451M), European Command (\$245M), and Central Command (\$50M) theaters to enhance joint force lethality and extended deterrence. Furthermore, this budget supports the construction of new dormitory space at Clear Space Force Station (\$68M) to support US Space Force initiatives.

The Active U.S. Air Force FY 2023 budget request is summarized in Table 25.

TABLE 25. MILCON, ACTIVE U.S. AIR FORCE			
MILCON, Active U.S. Air Force (\$M)	FY22 PB	FY23 PB	
Major Construction	1,815	1,853	
Minor Construction Planning and Design	288	202	
Total	2,103	2,055	



MILCON - AIR NATIONAL GUARD

The FY 2023 Air National Guard (ANG) MILCON budget request includes five priority requirements for current and new mission beddowns; Land Acquisition (\$10.0M) at Morris ANGB, AZ, Security and Service Training Facility (\$7.5M) at Sumpter Smith ANGB, AL, F-35 Flight Simulator Facility (\$22.2M) at Jacksonville IAP, FL, Munitions Maintenance and Storage Complex (\$12.8M) at Fort Wayne IAP, IN, and KC-135 Maintenance Shops (\$23.8M) at McGhee-Tyson Airport,TN.

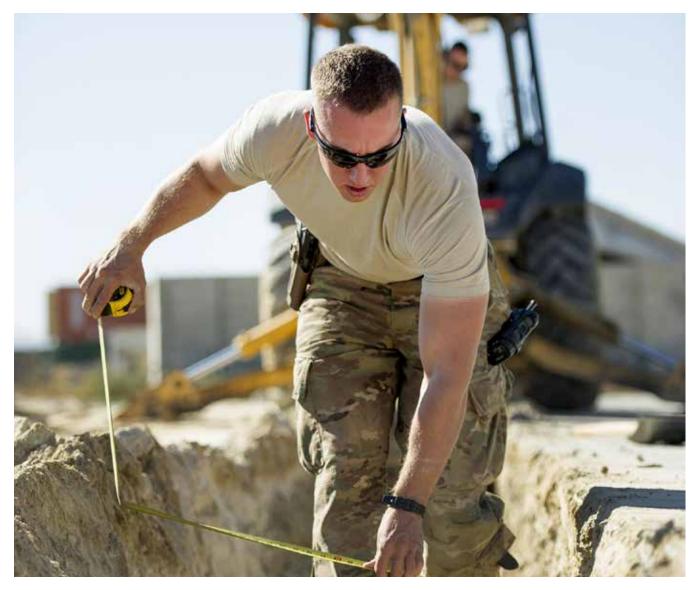
TABLE 26. MILCON, AIR NATIONAL GUARD			
MILCON, Air National Guard (\$M)	FY22 PB	FY23 PB	
Major Construction	148	76	
Minor Construction Planning and Design	49	73	
Total	198	149	



MILCON - AIR FORCE RESERVE

The FY 2023 Air Force Reserve (AFR) MILCON budget request includes one priority requirement. This supports the current mission beddown for the 940 Air Refueling Wing - Squadron Operations and Aircraft Maintenance Unit (\$33.0M) at Beale AFB, CA.

TABLE 27. MILCON, AIR FORCE RESERVE			
MILCON, Air Force Reserve (\$M)	FY22 PB	FY23 PB	
Major Construction	57	33	
Minor Construction Planning and Design	21	24	
Total	78	57	



MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING (MFH)

The FY 2023 Military Family Housing budget request continues efforts to improve quality of life, homes and support services for our families across the globe. The Department remains focused on improving our privatized housing portfolio, correcting health and safety deficiencies, and investing in whole house improvement projects. The FY 2023 budget request directly supports military family living standards by investing in facility improvements and high quality housing, creating enduring advantages that enhance warfighter capabilities globally. This request resources \$233M in Military Family Housing enhancements to include restructures at Dover AFB (\$25M), Scott AFB (\$52M), and AETC Group 1 (Altus AFB, Luke AFB, Sheppard AFB, and Tyndall AFB) (\$150M).

TABLE 28. DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING

Military Family Housing (\$M)	FY22 PB	FY23 PB
MFH-Operation and Maintenance	325	355
MFH-Construction Improvements	105	230
MFH-Construction Planning and Design	10	3
Total	441	588



BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE (BRAC)

The Department of the Air Force implemented all Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) actions as described in the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Commission reports to the President. The FY 2023 budget request continues environmental restoration at remaining BRAC locations. The Department continues to align cleanup resources with environmental restoration and property transfer at installations closed under previous BRAC actions. The program focuses on protecting human life and the environment through execution of projects resulting in the transfer of acreage and achievement of environmental compliance remediation goals. In addition to achieving environmental goals, these projects provide beneficial reuse of property and meet legally enforceable requirements.

Funding for this appropriation is displayed in Table 29 below.

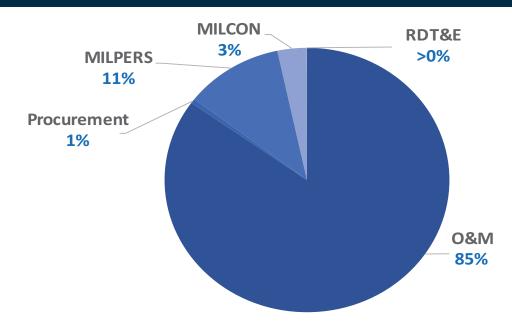
TABLE 29. DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE BRAC		
Base Realignment and Closure (\$M)	FY22 PB	FY23 PB
DoD Base Closure Account	104	107



DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE OVERSEAS OPERATIONS COSTS

Figure 20 depicts the FY 2023 U.S. Air Force and U.S. Space Force Direct Combat Support and In-CONUS expenses requests shown in Tables 30, & 31 subdivided into major activities. Overseas Operations Costs for Major MILCON projects are also depicted in Table 32.

FIGURE 20. DEPARTMENT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE OVERSEAS
OPERATIONS COSTS



The Department of the Air Force Overseas Operations Costs funding request continues to support worldwide operations and funds Combatant Commander most urgent requirements. The direct combat support and in-CONUS expenses are \$8.3B, a decrease of \$1.9B from the FY 2022 requested amount. In this budget, the Air Force and Space Force is aligned with current assumptions.

The FY 2023 Air Force Overseas Operations request includes funding in support of the below operations/lines of effort:

- Operation INHERENT RESOLVE (OIR) (Syria/Iraq)
- Combined Joint Task Force Horn of Africa (CJTF-HOA)
- European Deterrence Initiative (EDI)
- Operation ENDURING SENTINEL (OES)

TABLE 30. OVERSEAS OPERATIONS COSTS - U.S. AIR FORCE Overseas Operations Costs, U.S. Air Force FY22 PB FY23 PB Total (\$M) O&M 7,868 7,031 Procurement 1,005 46 MILPERS 991 926 MILCON 245 162 RDT&E 22 1 **Total Overseas Operations Costs Request by** 10,048 8,249 **Appropriation**

TABLE 31. OVERSEAS OPERA	ATIONS COSTS - U.S. SPACE	FORCE
Overseas Operations Costs, U.S. Space Force Total (\$M)	FY22 PB	FY23 PB
Operation and Maintenance (O&M)	76	52
Total Overseas Operations Costs Request		52

TABLE 32. OVERSEAS OPERATIONS COSTS WORLDWIDE MILCON PROJECT LIST

INSTALLATION	PROJECT		REQUESTED (\$M)
Rygge	EDI:	Base Perimeter Security Fence	8.2
Keflavik	EDI:	DABS-FEB Storage	94.0
Papa	EDI:	DABS-FEB Storage	71.0
Aviano AB, Italy	EDI:	RADR Storage Facility	31.0
Moron AB, Spain	EDI:	RADR Storage Facility	29.0
Unspecified Worldwide	EDI:	Planning & Design	11.7
MILCON Overseas Operation Costs			244.9

WORKING CAPITAL FUND

The Defense Working Capital Fund (DWCF) exists to carry out specific mission activities in a market-like financial framework, providing customers common goods and services in the most efficient way possible. Operating within the DWCF, the Air Force Working Capital Fund (AFWCF) operates on a break-even basis. The Transportation Working Capital Fund (TWCF) is a part of the AFWCF budget submission because the Air Force is executive agent for cash oversight; however, United States Transportation Command (USTRANSCOM) has operational responsibility.

AFWCF services and products are integral to readiness and sustainability of air, space, and cyberspace assets and support the ability to deploy forces around the globe. The AFWCF conducts business in two primary areas: depot maintenance and supply management. Depots provide the equipment, skills, and repair services necessary to keep forces operating. Supply management activities procure and manage inventories of consumable and reparable spare parts necessary to maintain mission readiness of all force structure elements.

USTRANSCOM's mission is to provide air, land, and sea transportation for the Department of Defense (DoD) in times of peace and war, with primary focus on wartime readiness. The TWCF budget provides synchronized transportation and sustainment, making it possible to project and maintain national power where needed, with the greatest speed and the highest efficiency.

Successful AFWCF operations are essential for readiness, by ensuring the warfighter receives the right item, at the right place and time, for the lowest cost. The FY 2023 AFWCF budget supports Air Force and USTRANSCOM core functions through supply, maintenance, and transportation services. The submission includes estimates derived from forecasted customer requirements and reflects our continuing efforts to streamline logistics and business processes. Rate/price changes reflect ongoing initiatives to reduce costs and accurately project inflation impacts.

Table 33 and 34 captures the highlights of the FY 2023 AFWCF budget request. Table 35 captures TWCF.

TABLE 33. AIR FORCE WORKING CAPITAL FUND FIN	IANCIAL AND F	PERSONNEL S	SUMMARY
AFWCF Total (\$M)	FY21 PB	FY22 PB	FY23 PB
Total Revenue	25,055	25,663	27,149
Cost of Goods Sold	24,675	26,375	26,790
Adjustments for Net Operating Result ¹	2	17	17
Net Operating Result	409	-750	320
Accumulated Operating Result ²	592	-159	161
Capital Budget	250	230	277
Direct Appropriation ³	96	78	80
Rate/Price Changes	FY21 PB	FY22 PB	FY23 PB
Consolidated Sustainment Activity Group - Maintenance Division Consolidated Sustainment Activity Group - Supply Division	7.10%	3.40%	5.14%
Non-Fly Supply Customer Price Change	9.69%	2.88%	5.68%
Fly Hour Program Price Change	14.92%	-2.35%	5.68%
Supply Management Activity Group - Retail	2.00%	2.96%	6.67%
AFWCF, Total	FY21 PB	FY22 PB	FY23 PB
Civilian Work-Years/Full Time Equivalents	33,487	34,385	33,953

¹ Other Adjustments made for both USTRANSCOM and AF, AF adjustment required for Medical-Dental Direct Appropriation

Military Work-Years/Full Time Equivalents

Numbers may not add due to rounding

12,699

13,014

12,697

² Accumulated Operating Result - USTRANSCOM OSD approved waiver for postive AOR in FY 2021

³ Direct Appropriation support Medical-Dental War Reserve materials

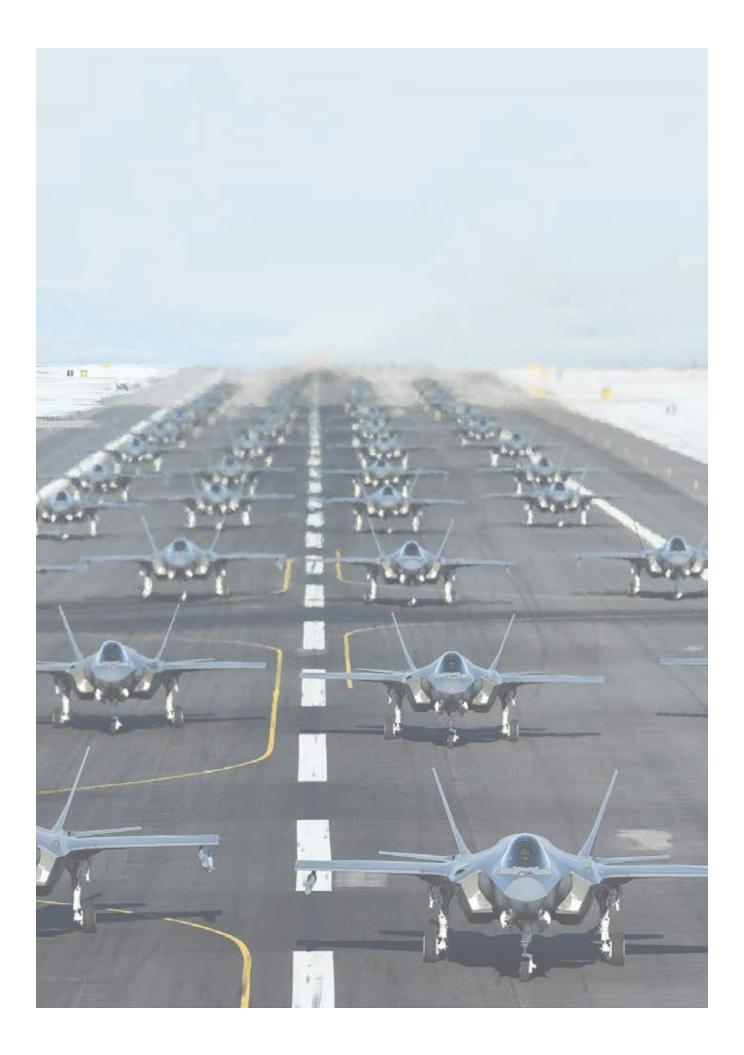
CASH MANAGEMENT

The Office of the Secretary of Defense (OSD) policy requires DWCF activities to maintain positive cash balances throughout the year and an adequate ending balance to support continuation of operations into the subsequent year. To determine necessary cash levels, the Department completes a comprehensive analysis of cash disbursements, the operating environment, and associated risk, to include provisions for unforeseen events. The methodology for calculating cash requirements consists of four components: rate, range, risk mitigation, and reserves.

FY 2021 was a cash rebuilding year. The continuing consequences of the COVID-19 pandemic and Defence Logistics Agency price inflation had a negative impact on FY 2022 and FY 2023 cash. The AFWCF has maintained a healthy cash balance throughout FY 2022 and projects it to remain healthy in FY 2023.

TABLE 34. AIR FORCE WORKING CAPITAL FUND CASH MANAGEMENT				
AFWCF, Air Force Cash (\$M)	FY21 PB	FY22 PB	FY23 PB	
Beginning of Period (BOP) Cash Balance	880	1,404	1310	
Disbursements	16,932	18,187	18,823	
Collections	17,456	18,092	18,526	
Transfers	0	0	0	
Direct Appropriations (War Reserve Material)	96	78	80	
End of Period (EOP) Cash Balance	1404	1310	1012	
Lower Limits	571	760	674	
Upper Limits	1.276	1.742	1.655	

TABLE 35. TRANSPORTATION WORKING CA	PITAL FUND C	ASH MANAG	EMENT
TWCF Cash (\$M)	FY21 PB	FY22 PB	FY23 PB
Beginning of Period (BOP) Cash Balance	528	521	954
Disbursements	7,579	7,798	8,091
Collections	7,183	8,231	8,527
Transfers	0	0	0
Direct Appropriations (War Reserve Material)	0	0	0
End of Period (EOP) Cash Balance	521	954	988
Lower Limits	562	786	762
Upper Limits	1,084	1,386	1,385



SUMMARY Section 3

DEPARTMENT SUMMARY

The Department of the Air Force continues to work tirelessly to balance risk between maintaining current readiness in support of combatant commanders today while developing, building, and fielding the force needed for the future. Throughout the last 75 years, the Air Force has shown its resolve and capability to continue executing the missions demanded by our Nation while constantly transforming to remain the world's premier air and space force. This evolution will not be easy. But, it is necessary, and as our history has demonstrated, it will be successful. We have an immense responsibility to provide our Airmen and Guardians the tools, training, platforms, and support they need to safely and effectively defend our great Nation, and we will.



APPENDIX Section 4

MILCON MAJOR CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

Project		S /S		p. 1. cmid	PB-23			
Quantity	Component	State/Country	Installation	Project Title	Request (\$M)			
1	Active	Alaska	Clear	LRDR Dormitory	68,000			
2	Active	Alaska	JBElmendorf-Richardson	EXTEND RUNWAY 16/34, INC 2	100,000			
3	Active	California	Vandenberg	GBSD Consolidated Maintenance Facility	89,000			
4	Active	Louisiana	Barksdale	Weapons Generation Facility Inc 2	125,000			
5	Active	Massachusetts	Hanscom	MIT-Lincoln Lab (West Lab CSL/MIF) INC	30,200			
6	Active	Oklahoma	Tinker	FACILITY AND LAND AQUISITION (MROTC)	30,000			
7	Active	Oklahoma	Tinker	KC-46A 3-BAY DEPOT MAINTENANCE HANGAR INC 2	49,000			
8	Active	Oklahoma	Tinker	KC-46A Fuel POL Infrastructure	13,600			
9	Active	South Carolina	Shaw	RAPCON Facility	10,000			
10	Active	South Dakota	Ellsworth	B-21 2-BAY LO RESTORATION FACILITY Inc 3	91,000			
11	Active	South Dakota	Ellsworth	B-21 Radio Frequency Facility	77,000			
12	Active	South Dakota	Ellsworth	B-21 Weapons Generation Facility Inc 1	50,000			
13	Active	Tennessee	Arnold	ARC HEATER TEST FACILITY, DRAGON FIRE	38,000			
14	Active	Texas	JBSA-Lackland	BMT Recruit Dormitory 7 Inc 2	90,000			
15	Active	Utah	Hill	GBSD Organic Software Sustain Ctr Inc 3	95,000			
16	Active	Utah	Hill	GBSD Technology and Collaboration Center	84,000			
17	Active	Wyoming	FEWarren	GBSD Integrated Command Center	95,000			
18	Active	Wyoming	FEWarren	GBSD Land Acquisition, Phase 1	34,000			
19	Active	Wyoming	FEWarren	GBSD Missile Handling Complex	47,000			
20	Active	Hungary	Papa	EDI: DABS-FEV Storage	71,000			
21	Active	Iceland	Keflavik	EDI: DABS-FEV Storage	94,000			
22	Active	Italy	Aviano	Combat Rescue Helicopter Simulator Fac	15,500			
23	Active	Italy	Aviano	EDI: RADR Storage Facility	31,000			
24	Active	Japan	Kadena	Helo Rescue Ops Maintenance Hangar, Inc 2	71,000			
25	Active	Japan	Kadena	PDI: Theater A/C Corrosion Control Ctr, Inc 1	77,000			
26	Active	Jordan	Muwaffaq-Salti	Bulk Petroleum/Oil/Lubricants Storage	32,000			
27	Active	Jordan	Muwaffaq-Salti	Fuel Cell and Phase Maintenance Hangars	18,000			
28	Active	Mariana Islands	Tinian	PDI: Airfield Development Phase 1, Inc 2	58,000			
29	Active	Mariana Islands	Tinian	PDI: Fuel Tanks w/Pipeln & Hydrant, Inc 2	92,000			
30	Active	Mariana Islands	Tinian	PDI: Parking Apron, Inc 2	41,000			
31	Active	Norwway	Rygge	EDI: Base Perimeter Security Fence	8,200			
32	Active	Spain	Moron	EDI: RADR Storage Facility	29,000			
	Active		Worldwide	Unspecified Minor Construction	66,162			
	Active Worldwide		Worldwide	Planning & Design	135,794			
			2,055,456					
Project		0		2	PB-23			
Quantity	Component	State/Country	Installation	Project Title	Request			
1	ANG	Alabama	Birmingham IAP	Security Services Training Facility	7,500			
2	ANG	Arizona	Tucson IAP	Land Acquisition	10,000			
3	ANG	Florida	Jacksonville IAP	F-35 Construct Flight Simulator Facility	22,200			
4	ANG	Indiana	Fort Wayne IAP	Munitions Maintenance and Storage Complex	12,800			
5	ANG	Tennessee	McGhee Tyson Airport	KC-135 Maintenance Shops	23,800			
	ANG		Worldwide	Unspecified Minor Construction	44,171			
	ANG		Worldwide	Planning & Design	28,412			
			Guard		148,883			
1	AFR	California	Beale AFB	940 ARW Squad OPS/AMU	33,000			
	AFR		Worldwide	Unspecified Minor Construction	11,850			
	AFR		Worldwide	Planning & Design	11,773			
Reserve Total 56,62:								
Active, Guard, and Reserve Total 2,260,96								

APPENDIX Section 4

TOTAL AIRCRAFT INVENTORY (TAI)

Aircraft	FY22	FY23	Aircraft	FY22	FY23
A-10	239	260	HC-130J	39	39
AC-130J	30	30	HH-60G	82	60
C-32B	2	2	HH-60U	3	3
AT-6	0	2	KC-10A	36	26
B-1B	44	45	KC-135R	322	308
B-2A	20	20	KC-135T	54	54
B-52H	76	76	KC-46A	71	95
C-12C	16	16	LC-130H	10	10
C-12D	6	6	MC-130H-SOF	8	0
C-12F	2	2	MC-130J	55	56
C-12J	5	5	MH-139	6	6
C-130H	128	118	MQ-9A	351	276
C-130J	151	153	NC-135W	1	1
C-17A	222	222	RC-135S	3	3
C-21A	19	19	RC-135U	2	2
C-32A	4	4	RC-135V	8	8
C-37A	9	9	RC-135W	9	9
С-37В	7	7	RQ-4B	10	9
C-40	4	4	T-1A	178	127
C-40C	7	7	T-38A	59	59
C-5M	52	52	T-38C	445	445
CRH(HH-60W)	25	39	T-41D	4	4
CV-22B	52	52	T-51A	3	3
E-11 BACN/HAG	4	6	T-53A	24	24
E-3B	2	0	T-6A	444	444
E-3C	2	0	T-7A	5	5
E-3G	27	16	TC-130H	1	0
E-4B	4	4	TC-135W	3	3
E-8C	12	4	TG-15A	2	2
E-9A	2	2	TG-15B	3	3
EC-130H	7	6	TG-16A	19	19
EC-130J	7	4	TH-1H	28	28
EC-37B	0	0	TU-2S	4	4
F-15C	168	107	U-2	27	27
F-15D	18	12	UH-1N	68	70
F-15E	218	218	UV-18B	3	3
F-15EX	2	8	VC-25A	2	2
F-16C	750	703	VC-25B	2	2
F-16D	139	139	WC-130J	10	10
F-22	186	153	WC-135C	1	2
F-35A	376	432	WC-135W	1	1

ACRONYMS

A

ABMS Advanced Battle Management System

ACA Aerospace Control Alert

AF Air Force

AFB Air Force Base
AFR Air Force Reserve

AFRC Air Force Reserve Command

AFWCF Air Force Working Capital Fund

AGM Advanced Guided Missile

AIM Air Intercept Missile

ALCM Air Launched Cruise Missile

AMRAAM Advanced Medium Range Air-to-Air Missile

ANG Air National Guard

AOR Area of Responsibility

ART Air Reserve Technician

AWACS Airborne Warning and Control System

B

B Billion

BACN Battlefield Airborne Communications Node

BRAC Base Realignment and Closure

C

C2 Command and Control
CRH Combat Rescue Helicopter

D

DoD Department of Defense

DWCF Defense Working Capital Fund

Ε

EDI European Deterrence Initiative

EITaaS Enterprise Information Technology as a Service

EOD Explosive Ordinance Disposal

EPAWSS Eagle Passive/Active Warning Survivability System

ESS Evolved Strategic Satcom

F

FSRM Facility Sustainment, Restoration and Modernization

FY Fiscal Year

FYDP Future Years Defense Program

G

GBSD Ground Based Strategic Deterrent

GCS Ground Control Station

Н

HOA Horn of Africa

ICBM Intercontinental Ballistic Missile

ISR Intelligence, Surveillance and Reconnaissance

J

JADC2 JointAll-Domain Command and Control

JASSM-ER Joint Air-to-Surface Standoff Missile - Extended Range

JB Joint Base

JDAM Joint Direct Attack Munition

JSTARS Joint Surveillance and Target Attack Radar System

K

K Thousand

L

LRSO Long Range Standoff

M

M Million

MAJCOM Major Command

MFH Military Family Housing

MGUE Military GPS User Equipment

MILCON Military Construction
MILPERS Military Personnel

N

NAOC National Airborne Operations Center

NC3 Nuclear Command and Control Communications

NDAA National Defense Authorization Act

NDS National Defense Strategy

NGAD Next Generation Air Dominance

NSSL National Space Security Launch

0

O&M Operation and Maintenance
OCX Operational Control System

OES Operation ENDURING SENTINEL
OIR Operation INHERENT RESOLVE

OPIR Next-Generation Overhead Persistent Infrared

OSD Office of the Secretary of Defense

P

PB President's Budget PTN Pilot Training Next

R

RDT&E Research, Development, Test and Evaluation

RPA Remotely Piloted Aircraft

PTN Pilot Training Next

S

SATCOM Satellite Communication
SDA Space Development Agency

T

TAI Total Aircraft Inventory
TOA Total Obligation Authority

TWCF Transportation Working Capital Fund

U

USINDOPACOM United States Indo-Pacific Command USTRANSCOM United States Transportation Command



WCF Working Capital Fund

WSS Weapon System Sustainment

THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK







FISCAL YEAR 2023 BUDGET OVERVIEW

www.saffm.hq.af.mil/FM-Resources/budget